

# INEQUALITIES : THE TOOL KIT

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Here are the basic inequalities which are very useful to solve any inequality. The inequalities are stated with some special cases.

1. **Triangle Inequality:** For all,  $x_i \in \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$a + b \leq |a + b| \leq |a| + |b|$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \leq \left| \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right| \leq \sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|$$

**Equality:** Iff all  $x_i$  have the same sign.

2. **max > QM > AM > GM > HM > min inequality:** For all,  $x_i \in \mathbb{R}^+$ ,

$$\max(x_i) \geq \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}{n}} \geq \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{n} \geq \sqrt[n]{\prod_{i=1}^n x_i} \geq \frac{n}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{x_i}} \geq \min(x_i)$$

$$\max(a, b, c) \geq \sqrt{\frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{3}} \geq \frac{a + b + c}{3} \geq \sqrt[3]{abc} \geq \frac{3}{\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c}} \geq \min(a, b, c)$$

**Equality:** Iff all  $x_i$  are equal.

**Weighted AM ≥ GM Inequality:**

If  $x_i \geq 0$ ,  $\omega_i > 0$  and  $\omega_1 + \omega_2 + \dots + \omega_n = 1$ , then,

$$\omega_1 x_1 + \omega_2 x_2 + \dots + \omega_n x_n \geq x_1^{\omega_1} \cdot x_2^{\omega_2} \dots x_n^{\omega_n}$$

**Equality:** Iff all  $x_i$  are equal.

3. **Rearrangement Inequality:**

If we consider two sequence of real numbers ( $a_i, b_i \in \mathbb{R}$ ),

$$a_1 \leq a_2 \leq \dots \leq a_n \quad \text{and} \quad b_1 \leq b_2 \leq \dots \leq b_n$$

For any permutation ( $a'_1, a'_2, \dots, a'_n$ ) of  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  we have that,

$$a_1 b_1 + a_2 b_2 + \dots + a_n b_n \geq a'_1 b_1 + a'_2 b_2 + \dots + a'_n b_n$$

**Maximum and Minimum of Rearrangement inequality:**

$$\text{Max} = a_1 b_1 + a_2 b_2 + \dots + a_n b_n \quad \text{and} \quad \text{Min} = a_1 b_n + a_2 b_{n-1} + \dots + a_n b_1$$

$$\text{So, Max} \geq a'_1 b_1 + a'_2 b_2 + \dots + a'_n b_n \geq \text{Min}$$

**Equality:** Iff  $a'_i = a_i$  (But the maximum minimum inequality always holds)

### Chebyshev's Inequality:

$$\text{Max} \geq \frac{(a_1 + \dots + a_n)(b_1 + \dots + b_n)}{n} \geq \text{Min}$$

Another form,

$$\frac{a_1b_1 + a_2b_2 + \dots + a_nb_n}{n} \geq \frac{(a_1 + \dots + a_n)}{n} \cdot \frac{(b_1 + \dots + b_n)}{n}$$

**Equality:** Iff there exists some  $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$  with  $a_i = \lambda b_i$

### 4. Cauchy-Schwarz Inequality:

$$\left( \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 \right) \cdot \left( \sum_{i=1}^n y_i^2 \right) \geq \left( \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i \right)^2$$

$$(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) \geq (ax + by + cz)^2$$

**Equality:** Iff there exists some  $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$  with  $x_i = \lambda y_i$

### 5. Helpful Inequality (Angel's form):

If  $a_i \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $x_i \in \mathbb{R}^+$ , then,

$$\frac{a_1^2}{x_1} + \frac{a_2^2}{x_2} + \dots + \frac{a_n^2}{x_n} \geq \frac{(a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n)^2}{x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n}$$
$$\frac{a^2}{x} + \frac{b^2}{y} + \frac{c^2}{z} \geq \frac{(a + b + c)^2}{x + y + z}$$

**Equality:** Iff  $\frac{a_1}{x_1} = \frac{a_2}{x_2} = \dots = \frac{a_n}{x_n}$

### 6. Schur's Inequality:

$$a^r(a-b)(a-c) + b^r(b-c)(b-a) + c^r(c-a)(c-b) \geq 0$$

**Equality:** Iff  $a = b = c$  or two of  $a, b, c$  are equal and other is 0

### 7. Power Mean Inequality:

If  $x_i, \omega_i \in \mathbb{R}^+$ ;  $\omega_1 + \omega_2 + \dots + \omega_n = 1$ , and  $s, t$  non-zero reals with  $s > t$ , then,

$$\left( \frac{\omega_1 x_1^s + \omega_2 x_2^s + \dots + \omega_n x_n^s}{n} \right)^{\frac{1}{s}} \geq \left( \frac{\omega_1 x_1^t + \omega_2 x_2^t + \dots + \omega_n x_n^t}{n} \right)^{\frac{1}{t}}$$

**REMARK:** With,  $\omega_i = \frac{1}{n}$ , here  $M_\infty \geq M_2 \geq M_1 \geq M_0 \geq M_{(-1)} \geq M_{(-\infty)}$  are nothing but the classical inequalities, **max**  $\geq$  **QM**  $\geq$  **AM**  $\geq$  **GM**  $\geq$  **HM**  $\geq$  **min**

### 8. Weighted Power Mean Inequality:

If  $x_i, \omega_i$  are non-negative reals and  $\sum \omega_i > 0$ , then,

$$f(s) = \left( \frac{\omega_1 x_1^s + \omega_2 x_2^s + \dots + \omega_n x_n^s}{\omega_1 + \omega_2 + \dots + \omega_n} \right)^{\frac{1}{s}}$$

is in general, a non-decreasing function of  $s$ .

**REMARK:** It can also produce the classical inequalities, **max**  $\geq$  **QM**  $\geq$  **AM**  $\geq$  **GM**  $\geq$  **HM**  $\geq$  **min**

### 9. Holder's Inequality:

If  $x_i, y_i \in \mathbb{R}^+$  and  $a, b > 0$  such that,  $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = 1$ , then

$$\left( \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^a \right)^{1/a} \left( \sum_{i=1}^n y_i^b \right)^{1/b} \geq \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i$$

**REMARK:** With  $a = b = 2$  we get the famous Cauchy-Schwarz Inequality.

### 10. Minkowski's Inequality:

If  $x_i, y_i \in \mathbb{R}^+$  and  $p > 1$  then,

$$\left( \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^p \right)^{1/p} + \left( \sum_{i=1}^n y_i^p \right)^{1/p} \geq \left( \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i + y_i)^p \right)^{1/p}$$

### 11. Nesbit's Inequality: For $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}^+$ ,

$$\sum_{cyc} \frac{a}{b+c} \geq \frac{3}{2} \quad \text{i.e.} \quad \frac{a}{b+c} + \frac{b}{c+a} + \frac{c}{a+b} \geq \frac{3}{2}$$

**Equality:** Iff  $a = b = c$

### 12. Bernouli's Inequality: For all $r \geq 1$ and $x \geq -1$ ,

$$(1+x)^r \geq 1+rx$$

### 13. Jesen's Inequality:

If  $f$  is convex in  $[a, b]$ , then for any  $\omega_i \in [0, 1]$  with  $\sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i = 1$  and  $x_i \in [a, b]$ , we have,

$$\omega_1 f(x_1) + \dots + \omega_n f(x_n) \geq f(\omega_1 x_1 + \dots + \omega_n x_n)$$

**Convexity Test:** Let  $f$  be twice differentiable function on  $[a, b]$ . Then,

- $f$  is convex on  $[a, b]$  if  $f''(x) \geq 0$  for every  $x \in [a, b]$ .
- $f$  is **strictly convex** on  $[a, b]$  if  $f''(x) > 0$  for every  $x$  in the interior of  $[a, b]$ .

### 14. Some Important trivial Inequalities:

1.  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \geq xy + yz + zx$
2.  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2 + e^2 \geq a(b+c+d+e)$
3.  $(ab+bc+ca) \geq 3abc(a+b+c)$
4.  $a^2b^2 + b^2c^2 + c^2a^2 \geq abc(a+b+c)$
5.  $a^4 + b^4 + c^4 \geq abc(a+b+c)$
6.  $2(a^3 + b^3 + c^3) \geq ab(a+b) + bc(b+c) + ca(c+a)$
7.  $a^3b + b^3c + c^3a \geq abc(a+b+c)$
8.  $(a+b+c)^2 \geq 3(ab+bc+ca)$

**Equality:** Iff all variables are equal.